The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2495

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Constantinople, May 4.

COURIER arrived here lately from Turcomania, with the News that the Shah Nadir had enter'd that Province at the Head of a very numerous Army, had beaten several Detachments of the Turkish Troops that had attempted to oppose his Passage, had made himself Master of the City of Cars, and had laid the greatest Part of the Province under Contribution. Soon after arrived another Courier from the Basha of that Province, with Letters demanding Supplies both of Men and Money, which the Necessities of the Court here render'd it impossible to send him. It was resolv'd therefore to remit him immediately as much Money as could be spared, with an Order to draw together all the Forces of his Province, and to act upon the Defensive, till such time as a Reinforcement could be sent him. The Court is excessively distress'd for Money, and this has occasion'd the laying a new Tax upon the Greek Clergy. The Bishop of St. Sophia, who died there lately, left behind him a good Estate, which was immediately seized; and amongst his Effects, 200 Purses in ready Money. The Fermentation among the People here increases daily, insomuch that the Malecontents have the Assurance to scatter Papers even in the Seraglio itself, wherein it is declared necessary for the public Good to depose the Grand Signior, in order to change the Administration. The Grand Vizir, to prevent this mutinous Disposition from getting amongst the Soldiers, caused 50 of the busiest Fellows among the Malecontents to be strangled, and their Bodies thrown into the Streets. M. Wisniakoff, the Russian Minister, laying hold of the present favourable Opportunity, made a new Representation in respect to about 80 Russian Slaves, who have been detained here on a Pretence that they had discover'd some Inclination to change their Religion, and become Mohamedans. This great Minister, to shew how much the Porte was inclined to keep fair with the Muscovites, went himself to the Houses where these Slaves were, and caused them to be set at Liberty.

Petersbourg, June 4. The Day before Yesterday a Courier was sent back to Abo, with the Czarina's favourable Interpretation of her Ultimatum, which brings it so near the Terms desired by the Swedes themselves, that we make no Doubt of hearing the Preliminaries are sign'd, soon after the Arrival of this Express. The Empress, the Grand Prince, and all the Court are at present at Peterhoff, where they will continue during the whole fine Season.

Stockholm, June 14. We expect with the utmost Impatience an Express from Abo, which we make no Question will bring us the News of a Peace; in hopes of which we have already fixed the 17th of this Month, for the Election of a Successor to the Throne of Sweden. Our Military Preparations are, however, carried on here with as much Warmth as ever; we have erected Redoubts and Batteries all along the Coast, and have posted several thousand Men in the most advantageous Passes, in order to defend them. Our Fleet continues cruizing on the Island of Ahland; so that if the War should continue, we are not very apprehensive of any thing the Russians can do, notwithstanding their mighty Armaments by Land and Sea.

Genoa, June 8. There lately arrived in this Port 18 small Vessels, laden with Artillery and Ammunition for the Service of the Spanish Troops in Lombardy. They were so happy as to escape three English Men of War that were cruizing on purpose for them. We have private Advices from the Spanish Camp, which say, That the Duke of Modena has received vast Remittances since he took upon him the Command; that his Cavalry is, in a Manner, entirely remounted, and that almost all his Regiments of Infantry are recruited by Neapolitan Deserters; conformable to a Secret Agreement made by that Court with the Count de Gages. All our Accounts from the Island of Corsica agree, that the Malecontents are resolved to treat with the Republick directly, without the Interposition or Guaranty of any Foreign Power whatever.

Naples, June 4. On the 1st of this Month the Court received two Expresses, one from Madrid, and the other from the Army of the Duke of Modena, upon which a grand Council of State was held, which sate very late. As soon as it rose, the Secretary of State wrote to all the Officers in the City to repair immediately to their respective Commands; since which, our Troops on the Frontiers are all in Motion, vast Quantities of Ammunition and Provision have been sent to Orbitello; and, in all human probability, we are on the Point of joining the Spaniards at last, notwithstanding all the Promises that have been made to the Allise of the Queen of Hungary. The News from this Place must be very barren for the future, since a Proclamation has appeared this Morning, by which any Person, who, after the 7th Instant, shall presume to write any Thing relating to publick Affairs, is threaten'd with Imprisonment, and Confiscation of all his Goods.

Augsbourg, June 18. We learn from Bavaria, that the Garison of Braunau still defend themselves gallantly; and as they are very numerous, we are in hopes that they may be able to force a Passage thro' the Austrian Troops that form the Blockade. The Army of Marshal Broglio has certainly join'd that of Count Seckendorff, and they have since been reinforced by all the Troops that were on the Frontiers of Tyrol; so that when the Detachment from M. Noailles comes up, these Troops cannot make less than 60,000 Men. In the mean time, we are inform'd that Prince Charles of Lorrain has been likewise reinforced by General Mentzel, at the Head of 6000 Irregular Troops. He has also recall'd General Berenclau, who was in the Neighbourhood of Munich with about 6000 Men; so that, in all probability, he persists in his first Design, of following and attacking the French, cost what it will.

Neubourg, June 16. The Gates of this City are shut to the French; our Serene Elector's Regiment of Dragoons is actually here. Four of our Battalions, a Regiment of Horse, and another of Dragoons, which were in the Imperial Army, are withdrrwn, but we have still 3 Squadrons of Cavalry amongst them. Our Baggage is in the Hands of the Austrians, but this gives us no manner of Pain; since, on the Elector's signing a Neutrality, and declaring he would have nothing farther to do with the Imperialists or French, they have assured us that every Thing shall be as safe as if it was in our own Hands. The 1500 Men who escorted the Emperor to Augsbourg, were made Prisoners of War by the Austrians in their Retreat.

Donawert, June 15. Count Segur, with his Detachment, arriv'd here Yesterday, and his Troops have taken Post at Schellenberg. Veldt Marshal Seckendorff arriv'd the same Day with his Army near Neubourg, and to Day his Excellency has advanc'd as far as Legsmund. The French are still under the Cannon of Ingoldstadt, the City of Neubourg having absolutely refus'd to admit them. Count Segur has sent 2000 Horse and Foot to secure the Bridge over the Lech.

Ratisbon, June 20. Prince Lobkowitz Yesterday pass'd the Danube to join Prince Charles of Lorrain, so that we soon expect to hear the News of a general Engagement. Marshal Broglio has encamp'd his Army in two Islands near Ingoldstadt; Marshal Seckendorff is behind that City with his Forces, amounting in the whole to no more than 8000 Men. Count Segur is advanc'd to Donawert with 8000 Men; the Prince de Dombes, with the rest of that Detachment, are still behind. According to all Appearance, the French intend to retire, if it be possible; the Question is, whether they will find it so. General Hohenems has receiv'd the heavy Artillery he expected from Passau, and this Day he began to batter Braunau; so that it is impossible now that this Place should hold out long.

Frankfort June 23. The Hessian Troops under the Command of Prince George of Hesse Cassel, pass'd by this City this Morning. These Troops have march'd constantly at Midnight, and have reposed all Day. His Britannic Majesty, and the Duke of Cumberland, have taken up their Quarters at the Castle of Aschaffenbourg. Soon after his Majesty's Arrival, the Earl of Stair went with an Escort of 30 Men to view the Enemy's Situation. Fifty French sallied immediately out of a Wood, and attaced his Escort. The Earl himself had his Hat shot thro', and the Bullet graz'd on his Head; Mr. Lettleton, his Aid-de-Camp, who rode near him, receiv'd a Shot in the Thigh; and the two Troopers who were immediately before his Excellency, were killed. Another Party of French Hussirs, at the same Instant, advanc'd to the Bridge of Aschaffenbourg, and very bravely fired upon a single Man who was doing Duty there; upon this the Guard attack'd them, and made the Officer who commanded Prisoner. The French Army actually consists of 50,000 Men; their Horse are very fine Troops, but their Foot are in a miserable Condition.

AMERICA.

Philadelphia, April 14. At a Supreme Court held here on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday last, 304 German Protestants were naturalized by virtue of a late Act of Parliament, having resided in this Province upwards of seven Years.

Philadelphia, April 21. Last Friday Evening the brave Capt. Sibbald arrived here, in our Privateer Schooner, George, from Providence, with the Owners Share of the 90,000 Pieces of Eight (being the Ransom for the Register Ship, &c. as formerly mentioned) having left the Settee, and the other Effects, to the Care of some Gentlemen at Providence. Capt. Dowel sail'd from Providence with Capt. Sibbald, but was obliged to return back, having sprung his Mast a few Hours after they came out: He is to stay there a Week, if any Proposals should come for ransoming the Settee, otherwise to proceed for this Place immediately after he has refitted. The whole Number of Prisoners released at the Havanna by Captains Sibbald and Dowell amount to upwards of 90; among whom was 9 Captains, 5 belonging to Boston, 2 to Rhode-Island, 1 to Piscataqua, and 1 to Jamaica, and one Thomas Fellows a Surgeon of Bristol, who has been a Prisoner at the Havanna upwards of two Years past. Thirty-six of the above Prisoners are come here with Capt. Sibbald.

The following Letters, as they shew the Esteem and Regard paid to the Captains of our Privateers by their Enemies, we hope will not be unacceptable to our Readers.

To Captain John Sibbald and Captain William Dowell.

The Governor of the Havanna's Letter.

Gentlemen,

I esteem much the Regard and Compassion you express for the Misfortune which befel my Nephew: I am likewise highly obliged to you for your Care of the little Bale, by the Register-Ship, mark'd with my Mark; for which I return you my hearty Thanks, and shall be always fond to have it in my Power to make a suitable Return. May our Lord preserve you many Years.

Your very humble Servant kisses your Hands,
Don Juan Francisco Guimes and Horcasitas.

Havanna, the 8th of March, 1743.

The President of the Royal Spanish Company at Havanna's Letter.

Gentlemen,

I received your English Epistle dated the 6th of February, and observe the obliging Contents; for which I thank you, as I do for your punctually complying with our Bargain, of which I never made the least Doubt. You may depend on it, you will find from this Company equal Punctuality, as often as the Cause requires it, and Opportunity offers. God preserve you many Years. Your very humble Servant kisses your Hands,

Martin de Aristegui, President of the Royal Spanish Company at the Havanna.

Havanna, the 8th of March, 1743.

HOME PORTS.

Dover, June 18. Wind W.S.W. Arrived the Hopewell, Benson, from Cork for Campvere. Since my last came in the Elizabeth Tender from a Cruize. Sailed the Speedwell, Laws, for Sunderland; and the Eagle Yacht, with their Graces the Duke and Duchess of Bedford.

Deal, June 20. Wind S.S.E. Last Night sailed the Dolphin Man of War, and Grenado Bomb, with the outward-bound Ships to the Westward. Remain the Shrewsbury Man of War, and Terror Bomb, with the Matilda, Wild, for Gibraltar; and the Rugsen, Delang, for East-India. Arrived the Lark, Fisher, of and from Whitehaven for Riga.

Gravesend, June 20. Passed by the John and Mary Coulson, and the Atalanta, Leigh, both from Montserrat; and the Mercury, M'Daniel, from Antigua.

Arrived

At Montserrat, the New Boston, Darby, from Boston.

At St. Kitts, the Unicorn, Applebee, the Scroop, Conway, and the Penelope, Ellwood, all from London.

At Bristol, the Greyhound, Townsend, and the Fantyne, Read, both from St. Kitts.

At Chester, the Betty, Gammon, from Barbados.

LONDON.

By the Greyhound arrived at Bristol from St. Kitts, 'tis confirmed, That the Bonetta and the Mary, two Privateers belonging to that Island, had taken and brought in there, a Spanish Ship of 400 Tons, 16 Carriage Guns, and 44 Men, bound from La Guerra to Cape Francois. She was fully loaden, and mostly with Cocoa.

Yesterday Two Troops of Life-Guards, and one of Grenadiers, were reviewed in Hyde-Park by their Officers.

This Morning the First Regiment of Foot-Guards commanded by his Royal Highneſs the Duke, will paſs a Muſter, and will then be reviewed by their Officers; and this Day the Third Regiment will be muſtered, and reviewed by their Officers in the Tower.

Yeſterday a Diſpenſation paſs'd the Great Seal, to enable the Rev. William Pitman, D.D. to hold the Vicarage of Kenſworth, in the County of Hertford and Dioceſe of Lincoln, together with the Rectory of Boxworth, in the County of Cambridge and Dioceſe of Ely.

The ſame Day —— Lee, Eſq; of the Iſle of Wight, was married, at Conduit-ſtreet Chapel, to Miſs Clarke, of Blake-Hall in the County of Eſſex; an agreeable young Lady, and a conſiderable Fortune.

Next Friday the Hon. George Clinton, Eſq; ſets out for his Government at New-York.

On Monday laſt (and not before) died, at Thorpe in the County of Surrey, the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Fitzwilliam, of Merrion in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Next Friday will be iſſued out at the Pay-Office, Whitehall, 30 Days Subſiſtence to his Majeſty's Forces, viz. from June 25 to July 24.

Laſt Monday the Court of King's-Bench pronounced Judgment againſt the Attorney, who was ordered into Cuſtody laſt Week by the Court for Male Practices.

John Conyers, of Copt-Hall in Eſſex, Eſq; is choſen a Verdurer of Waltham Foreſt, vacant by the Death of Carew Mildmay, Eſq.

On Monday laſt Mr. John Minhill, a Maſter Carman, dropt down in a Fit of an Apoplexy in Broad-ſtreet. He was immediately carried to his Houſe in Halfmoon-Alley, where he ſoon expired.

Copy of a Letter from an Inhabitant of Taunton *in* Somerſetſhire, *to a Gentleman in* London.

'Sir,

'I read ſome Weeks ago, in one of your London Papers, a Paragraph, which, I apprehend, could be inſerted with no other View than that of repreſenting 'this Town, and ſome other Places in the Neighbourhood, as reduced to the loweſt Ebb of Neceſſity, or, at 'leaſt, ſinking thither apace. Now to prevent the 'World from miſtaking this Matter, for the Credit of 'Taunton, and the Places adjacent, and out of that Regard which, I think, every Man ought to have for 'Truth, I write this, to ſet the Affair in a juſt Light, 'and to hinder you and your Acquaintance from giving '(thro' Compaſſion) an entire Credit to this melancholy 'Story.

'When we hear it aſſerted, that there is no Trade 'carried on here, it muſt not be credited; for, as on 'the one Hand, it never was true, ſo, on the other, the 'Demand for Goods at Taunton is, and has been for 'ſome Time riſing. The great Number of Poor there 'is an Accident, occaſioned by the Decline of Manufactures, occaſioned as certainly by the preſent War; 'and as the Demand for our Goods has already leſſened 'our Poors-Rate one Half, ſo, if the Manufacturers would 'be ſatisfied to work for the ſame Wages which content Men who are employ'd in the ſame Trade in the 'Neighbourhood, this Complaint would ſoon entirely 'ſubſide.

'Theſe, Sir, are Facts that may be depended on, ſince 'they fall immediately under my Cognizance, and I have 'taken the Pains neceſſary to examine them thoroughly. 'There is, undoubtedly, a great deal of Notice due from 'Perſons in Power to the Trading Part of the Nation; 'but there are, on the other Hand, ſo many perplexing 'Circumſtances that embaraſs all Enquiries into the Conduct of Manufactures, that, very frequently, nothing 'hurts them more than the making raſh Judgments on 'ill-grounded or evil-intended Informations, prefaced 'with high Profeſſions of deep Concern for the Publick 'Good.'

BANKRUPTS.

Samuel Johnſon, of Taviſtock-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. Paul Covent-garden, Merchant.

George Nation the Younger, of Falmouth, in the County of Cornwall, Chandler and Chapman.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	11 24	11 53

Bank Stock, 148 to 1-4th to 1-8th. India, 194 1-half to 196 1-4th. South Sea, 115 to 114 7-8ths. Old Annuity, 115. New ditto, Books ſhut. Three per Cent. Annuities, Books ſhut. Ditto 1743, 103. Seven per Cent. Loan, 119 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto, 78 1-half. Royal Aſſurance, 83. London Aſſurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 7 s. to 8 s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 5 l. 10 s. Prem. Sat Tallies, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99 3-4ths. Million Bank, 118 3-4ths. Equivacent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 14 s.

Admiralty-Office, June 20, 1743.

THE *Company of his Majeſty's Ship the* Chatham, *being ordered to be forthwith paid a conſiderable Part of the Wages due to them at the Nore, and the Ship being on the Point of proceeding to Sea; it is the Direction of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, That ſuch of the Men belonging to her, as are abſent, do repair immediately to their Duty on board, upon Pain not only of loſing the ſaid Payment, but of being apprehended and try'd at a Court Martial as Deſerters.*

Thomas Corbett.

East-India Houſe, May 27, 1743.

THE *Court of Directors of the* United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, *Do hereby give Notice, That a Quarterly General Court of the ſaid Company will be holden at their Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet, on Wedneſday the* 22*d of June next, Upon Special Affairs.*

That their Tranſfer Books will be ſhut up on Thurſday 23*d of ſaid June, at Two o'Clock; and open'd again the* 21*ſt of July next.*

And that the Dividend Warrants due at Midſummer next, will be ready to be delivered out on Friday the 29*th of the ſaid July.*

This Day is Publiſhed,

NUMBER 468, (*from* January 20 *to* February 3, 1742-3.) *of*

THE Philoſophical Tranſactions. Giving ſome Account of the preſent Undertakings, Studies and Labours of the Ingenious in many conſiderable Parts of the World.

Printed for C. Davis, againſt Gray's-Inn Gate, Holbourn. Printer to the Royal Society.

Where may be had, Lately Publiſhed,

1. Dr. Lobb on the Small Pox. 2d Edit. with large Additions. 8vo.
2. Dr. Cramer's Art of Aſſaying Metals. Illuſtrated with Copper Plates. 8vo.
3. Dr. Perry's Treatiſe on Diſeaſes. 2 Vols. 8vo.
4. Willughby and Ray's Hiſtory of Fiſhes. Illuſtrated with 190 Copper-Plates, engraved at the Expence of the Royal Society. In Folio.

This Day is Publiſhed,

In TWO VOLUMES, FOLIO.

With the Approbation of the Right Hon. the Lord CHANCELLOR *and all the* JUDGES.

(Price bound Three Guineas)

REPORTS of CASES argued and adjudged in the Courts of KING'S BENCH and COMMON PLEAS, in the Reigns of the late King WILLIAM, Queen ANNE, King GEORGE the Firſt, and his preſent Majeſty.

Taken and collected by the Right Honourable

ROBERT *Lord* RAYMOND,

Late Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of KING'S BENCH.

Printed for the Executor of the late FLETCHER GYLES, T. WOODWARD, and C. DAVIS, oppoſite Gray's Inn Gate, Holbourn.

Where may be had,

Lord Chief Juſtice HALE's Hiſtory of the PLEAS of the CROWN. In Two Vols. Folio.

This Day is Publiſhed,

(Price Two Shillings.)

THE MODERN HUSBANDMAN: For the Month of DECEMBER.

CONTAINING,

I. Of Sowing Wheat in this Month. II How to prepare Barley-Ground againſt Sowing-Time. III. How ſome Farmers, by Newton in Bucks, get but one Crop of Grain in Three Years. IV. The ill Effects of Sowing Peaſe in a wrong Manner. V. Of Feeding Sheep on Turneps. VI. Of Cleaning Corn after different Methods. VII. The Damage of different meaſured Buſhels. VIII. How the Importation of Wheat from America, is of ruinous Conſequences to Great-Britain. IX. Of the Reverend Mr. Allen's Beneficial Propoſal to find Salt-Petre in moſt Towns and Villages in England. X. The Benefit of a Farmer's Keeping a Maſtiff Dog. XI. How a Gentleman diſcovered Peat-Earth in his Eſtate, ſince this Author publiſhed where it is to be found.

By WILLIAM ELLIS, *a Farmer, of* Little Gaddeſden, *near* Hempſtead *in* Hertfordſhire.

Printed for, and Sold by, T. Osborne in Gray's-Inn, and M. Cooper at the Globe in Pater-noſter Row.

This Day is Publiſhed,

By Henry Overton, *at the White Horſe without Newgate, Map and Printſeller,*

A SETT of FRUITS and FLOWERS done from Nature in the moſt exquiſite Manner, and diſtinctly expreſſed, as large as the Life, in their Natural Colours; with the Botanical Terms or Appellations of the Conſtituent Parts of their Roots, Stalks, Leaves, Bloſſoms, Fruits, Seeds, &c. Alſo their Seaſons, Culture, Aſpects, &c. Making the moſt beautiful Furniture for Dining-Rooms, Banquetting Rooms, Cloſets, &c. As alſo the moſt uſeful for Ladies delighting in Embroidery, Painting, Japanning, &c. Being the Firſt of the Kind yet Publiſh'd.

By BATTY *and* THOMAS LANGLEY.

Neatly Engrav'd on Twelve Copper-Plates, each 16 Inches by 13. Sold either Colour'd or Plain. Price 36 s. Colour'd, and 15 s. Plain.

This Day is Publiſh'd,

(*The ſecond Edition, corrected, and much enlarged, of*)

AN ESSAY on the SINKING FUND; wherein the Nature thereof is fully explained, and the Right of the Publick to that Fund aſſerted and maintained.

Printed for J. PEELE, at Locke's Head in Amen-Corner, Paternoſter-Row. Price 1 s. 6 d.

Where may be had, Juſt Publiſhed,

1. Reaſons for encouraging the Linen Manufacture of Scotland, and other Parts of Great Britain. Price 1 s.

ALSO

The Second Edition, corrected, of

2. The Intereſt of SCOTLAND conſidered; with regard to its Police in employing the Poor; its Agriculture, its Trade, its Manufactures, and Fiſheries. To which is added, an Appendix, containing the Manner of Raiſing, Weeding, Pulling, Watering, Graſſing, and Dreſſing of Flax, practiſed in Flanders.

A

CONSUMPTIONS *of all Sorts,* *ASTHMA's, and all Diſorders of the* Breaſt *and* Lungs, *Directly and infallibly cured by the Great* CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has reſtored ſo many Thouſands labouring under the deepeſt Conſumptions and moſt deplorable Aſthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days Time, after all other the moſt celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once ſtrikes at, and abſolutely eradicates the firſt Principle or Cauſe of Conſumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as alſo of Aſthma's, or Shortneſs of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obſtructing Viſcoſities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in ten.

It aſſuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a mere Skeleton; and immediately cures the moſt tedious wearing and almoſt ſuffocating Coughs, Hoarſneſs, Wheezing, Shortneſs of Breath, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain, or Weight in the Breaſt, Spitting of Blood, Soreneſs of the Stomach, Thrush, or Windpipe: Alſo Catarrhs, or Defluxions of ſharp Rheum, and all Ptiſical and Aſthmatick Effects, Hectick Fevers, nothing Night Sweats, and Diarrhœa's, or Looſeneſſes, in a pleaſant and moſt agreeable Manner.

It is balſamick, healing and ſtrengthening beyond Compariſon, reſtores in all inward Waſtings, Weakneſs, and Decays of Conſtitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, cauſes free and eaſy Reſpiration or long Breathing, and ſpeedily and infallibly cures ASTHMA's, and all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever ſo bad, without the leaſt Diſorder, Trouble or Confinement, and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be ſafely depended upon for the entire Cure of thoſe Maladies.

Nor can the whole *Materia Medica* afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this moſt noble Chymical ELIXIR has ſo juſtly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of CONSUMPTIONS and ASTHMA's, &c has occaſioned many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right, which is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions, and at no other Place in England.

The ſo-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHich in a few Days infallibly cures HYPOCHONDRIACK MELANCHOLY in MEN, and the VAPOURS in WOMEN, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels; which Crudities, offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, Flufhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings, and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms, in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for 3 Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star in Cornhill, below the Royal Exchange, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

LONDON: Printed for M. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noſter-Row.*